# PRESIDENTIAL BEE **BUZZING AROUND** LA FOLLETTE'S EAR

Wisconsin Senator Begins Campaign for Nomination.

ATTITUDE PLAINLY OUTLINED

He Will Be for Taft If Gov. Harmon Is Selected by the Democrats, as the Ohio Man Is Regarded as Reactionary-Programme to Capture One-third of the Convention.

Although no direct announcement has been made, it is virtually conceded that he first candidate for the Presidential nomination next year is in the field.

Senator Robert M. La Foliette, of Wis-onsin, will strive to be the choice of the consin, will strive to be the choice of the Republican national convention. Failing n that he will appear as the candidate viding certain circumstances come to exist. These circumstances are the selection by the Republican convention of Will-iam H. Taft as its nominee and the choice by the Democrats of any other individual than Gov. Judson Harmon to head their national ticket. Granting that President Taft is to be the choice of the Republi-cans, he will receive the support of Sena-tor La Follette and his followers only in the event of the nomination of Gev. Har-

The La Follette faction regards Gov. Harmon as the worst specimen of a reactionary that could come before the country for election. No independent ticket is to be placed in the field, as far as that faction is concerned, if the thin acvernor enters the lists as the selist condidate. No loss to the Republicultivity of its to be risked in that event.
Retter to support even Taft, Senator La
Follette reasons, than to run chances of
landing the country in Harmon's clutches.
Primarily, therefore, Senator La Follette is out to defeat Mr. Taft for the
nomination. Let Harmon be the Democratic choice, however, and all bets are
off. The Republican party is to be
promptly unified to accomplish the defeat
of the Ohioan.
The Senator from Wisconsin has made
his first campaign move by establishing this governor enters the lists as the se-

of the convention. Oregon, where a Presidential primary is in existence, is the first State in the reckoning. Washington is next. Wisconsin, it is predicted, will surely go for La Pollette, and other Mid-di. Western States will follow under d). Western States will follow under proper tutelage. California, the La Fol-lette agents say, will follow the will of the insurgents, provided Theodore Roose-velt does not interfere. There are juley plums to be secured in other States which exhibited insurgent leanings in the recent campaign, is the report. "If ye do not ask, by shall not receive," appears to be La Follette's motto. Accordingly, like the proverbial early hird, he is out for the worms.

# TAFT'S MEASURE IN DANGER.

Numerous Republican Senators Vote

Revause a vote disclosed that no ness yesterday afternoon, one of President Taft's conservation measures may not be passed at this session. It is the bill to allow the Secretary of the Interior to issue a license to prospectors on government lands thought to contain oil or gas. President Taft proposed it at the Conservation Congress at St. Paul, and was liberally applauded.

an amendment to the bill, then withdoes it and voted against the measure The vote was nineteen for and seventeen against it, and disclosed no quorum Voting against the President's bill were Voting against the President's bill were Senators Brandegee, Bristow, Brown, Bulkeley, Burkett, Burton, Crawford, Cummins, Heyburn, Kean, Lodge, Page, and Root, Republicans, with these Dem-ocrats: Overman, Purcell, Stone, and

# NOMINATIONS ARE REPORTED.

Senate Committee on Judiciary sends in Name of Judge. The Senate Committee on Judiciary or

dered a favorable report yesterday on the nomination of Judge William H. Hunt. of Montana to be judge of the Commerc Court. Three votes were cast in opposition to a favorable report. Senator Nelson and Borah, Republicans, and Sen ator Clarke, Democrat, cast them, Sen-stor Thomas H. Carter, of Montana, ap-peared before the committee personally to defend himself and Judge Hunt.

The fight against Judge Hent's confirmation will be renewed on the floor of The following other nominations

dered favorably reported: Representative Walter I. Smith, of Iowa, be judge of the Eighth United States dicial circuit, to succeed Willis Van

F. H. Rudkin, to be United States dis-trict judge of the Eastern district of

Prict Judge washington.
Sidney E. Hawley to be United States marshal for the district of Connecticut;
Nicholas J. Whalen, to be United States marshal for the Western district of Michmarshal for the United States and Michael Michae

# YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE.

The Senate is not yet ready to vote on either the Lorimer case or the resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution for the election of Senators by direct vote of the people. An effort to name a date for a vote on the Lorimer case met with objection from Senator Bulkeley, of Connecticut, while Senator Peurose, of Pennsylvania, withheld unanimous consent when a motion was made for the Senate to take a wote February 10 on the resolution for the election of Senators by popular vote. Senator Jeff Davis, of Arkansas, delivered a characteristic speech in the Senate. Although he amounted that he would speak in favor of the election of Senators by popular vote, he devoted hinnelf to a variety of subjects. He urged the unsenting of Senator Lorimer, violated the rules of Senatorial courtery with an assault on Senator Depen, of New York, and lambasted former President Roscovett.

The occurs mail bill was opposed in a speech by Senator Stone, of Missauri, who declared in favor of the Canadian reciprocity treaty, which he asserted is of the utmost importance to the people of the United States.

The Canadian reciprocity treaty was referred to the Cummittee on Foreign Relations, though Senator Loring and Indicates.

reach the Finance Committee.

reach the Finance Committee.

There was a favorable report by the Judiciary committee on the nomination of Judge William H. Hint, of Montana, to be a member of the Court of Commerce. The vote was nine to three in favor of confirmation.

A bill was passed by the Senain to increase the efficiency of the organized militia by powinding additional army others for detail on special duty in military schools and colleges, and for service with the national guard of the sarious States. Senaio Warms and the bill, which is strongly supported by the national guard, would necessitate an expenditure of about \$100,000 a year.

phane, would be extrement of officers of the medi-cial reserve corps, ameeding the act of June 22, 190, was also pussed. It provides that, on reach-ing the age of secondy, and after a service of forty year, a medical officer may be retired with the rank and ray of a first beutemant. The Scrate adjourned at 5 pt. m., to meet at nown Threshold.

The House completed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The administration tariff board bill was then The administration tariff board bill was then taken up, under a special rule, and after a debate lasting more than rune boars was passed. The measure emlarges to tariff board, produce for two members instead of three, as it present. The administration bill was supported to many Democrats, among thou Champ Clark, who will be Speaker in the most House.

The House adjourned at 11:45 p. m., to meet a now. Tuesday.

## BRIBE OFFER IS DENIED.

bette is out to organize home tharmon be the Democratic choice, however, and all bets are
off. The Republican party is to be
from Republican party is to be
from Republican party is to be
from Republican party is to be
is now engaged in the banking business
of the Ohioan.

The Senator from Wisconsin has made
his first campaign move by establishing
his agents in various large cities ostensis
by a trade and sentiment for the La Follette
Weekly, a paper which, the Senator has been publishing at Madison It is asserted that these agents are out in
from Republican nomination.

First States to Be Captured.

The committee adjourned over until Charles A. Conant, who was former-

TAFT AND ROOSEVELT

MAY MEET IN MARCH

Plans of Both to Attend Commercial Congress at

Atlanta Likely to Throw Them Together.

a Package

# PRAISES M'KINLEY FOR RECIPROCITY

The greatest skill and wisdom on the part of manufacturers and producers will be required to hold and increase it. Our industrial enterprises which have grown to such great proportions affect the homes and occupations of the people and the welfare of the country. Our capacity to produce has developed so enormously and our products have so multiplied that the problem of more markets requires our urgent and immediate attention. Only a broad and enlightened policy will keep what we have. No other policy will get more. In these times of marvelous business energy and gain we ought to be looking to the future strengthening the weak places in our industrial and commercial systems, that we may be ready for any storm or strain.

\*\*Mutual Exchange Needed.\*\*

Mutual Exchange Needed. "'By sensible trade arrangements, which will not interrupt our home production. we shall extend the outlets for our in reasing surplus. A system which pro-rides a mutual exchange of commodities s manifestly essential to the continue and healthful growth of our export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything and buy little or nothing. If such a thing were possible it would not be best for us or for those with whom we deal. We should take from our customers such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and labor. Reci-procity is the natural outgrowth of our wonderful industrial development.

"What we produce beyond our domestic

consumption must have a vent abroad. The excess must be relieved through a foreign outlet, and we should sell every-

The excess must be relieved through a foreign outlet, and we should sell everywhere we can and buy wherever the buying will enlarge our sales and productions, and thereby make a greater demand for home labor.

"The period of exclusiveness is past. The expansion of our trade and commercial wars are unprofitable. A policy of good will and friendly trade relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not. If perchance some of our tariffs are no longer needed for revenue or to encourage and protect our industries at home, why should they not be employed to extend and promote our markets abroad."

Thus did McKinley in his last public utterance declare for reciprocity.

Wants Policy Adopted.

under you, Mr. President, as I think will be determined, it will be largely due to the diplomacy of Mr. McKinley.

Appland Canal Reference.

Great applause met the reference to fortifying the canal, and Mr. Fairbanks added: "It seems to be unanimous. Even in Indiana we are beginning to look at it that way."

Mr. Justice Day, in explaining the absence of Secretary Wilson, related an ane-dote of a Cabinet meeting at which resident McKinley's official family was discussing the retention of the Philippines. There was great diversity of opin-and a formal poli was laken. When Mr. Wilson was asked his opinion he answered promptly: "Keep the islands."

Mr. McKinley smiled and replied: "That is the way with you Scotch. You keep

by legislative action, will be a fitting close to a century's controversics and permanently establish good feeling and commercial union between kindred peo-ples. We shall find a rapidly increasing ples. We shall find a rapidly increasing market for our numerous products among the people of our neighbor. We shall deepen and widen the sources of our food supply in territory close at hand.

"Our kinship, our common sympathies, our similar moral and social ideas, furnish the strongest reason for supporting this agreement.

nish the strongest reason for supporting this agreement.

"Canada is our neighbor for 3,000 miles. We have not always acted toward her in a manner most conciliatory or with due regard to her sensibilities. She has become a great country-indeed, a nation. She causes us to use no forts or battle ships. She does not attack us and never will. She extends the brotherly hand of friendship and proposes closer relations with mutual benefits. Ought we to decline? The lass words of McKinley urge acceptance. I am proud as a son of this bring forward for appreval and effecto bring forward for approval and effect tive action a measure carrying out the policy which he proclaimed and made his own at the acme of his great career."

High Tribute by Fairbanks, Mr. Pairbanks paid a high tribute to Mr. McKinley's success as a diplomatist, who worked according to the strict methods of honesty and won the grati-tude of the 400,000,000 inhabitants of China in the time of the Boxer trouble by the firm and open stand he took against the dismemberment of the Chiagainst the dismemberment of the Chinese empire. He also lauded Mr. McKinley's policy in regard to the Panama Canal. Commenting upon Mr. McKinley's refusal to disregard the Clayton-Bulwer treaty without first making a new treaty with Great Britain, Mr. Fairbanks had occasion to say:

"And if you, Mr. President, complete and dedicate that canal, as I hope to God you will, there will be another who will

and dedicate that canal, as I hope to God you will, there will be another who will share with you the glory of that great enterprise. That man will be William McKinley. He said we could not afford to build it on broken national honor. And, when it is completed and fortified under you. Mr. President, as I think will be determined, it will be largely due to the diplomacy of Mr. McKinley."

Atlanta Likely to Throw Them Together.

Progressive League Not Counted.
President Taft and Col. Received may meet for the first time since the colonel is not to be considered a La Follette assist as such. Certain of its members may flock to the La Follette banner, but not be even that the league has not defined beatfiffy to President Taft as one of its tentes, it must not be expected that the new organization will be wheeled into line as a body in the campaign of the Wisconsin Senator.

Sonator La Follette undoubtedly reasons that he has before the Capital for the South on the morning of March S. The shall will leave Washington be preferred of a previous contrellion. A capital for the South on the morning of the Wisconsin Senator.

Sonator La Follette undoubtedly reasons than the last leave the will leave Washington be previous contrellion. A capital for the South on the morning of March S. The triative schedule prepared for Mr. Taft should will stop fin Chiefmati on this trip for four days at least, which would necessitate his say that one-stirid of the strength of the colonel is also a passenger. He must get to Atlanta March 19, and a present has a stop schedule for Amenda Mr. Taft should be well as the colonel is also a passenger. He must get to Atlanta March 19, and a present has a stop schedule for Amenda Mr. Taft should be considered.

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# Have You Ever Tried Swift's Premium Butterine?



Then how do you know you wouldn't like it? It is a pure, wholesome spread for bread.

It is made in factories that are always open to YOUR

Every pound is produced under the watchful eye of the

Don't let sentiment stand in the way of a substantial saving on your food bills.

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The manufacture of sand-lime bricks (called kalisandsteine in Germany) has assumed large proportions in the last few years, and the great improvements effected in processes or munifacture. The loss of munifacture, of this building material is the United States Supreme Court.

"McKinley Day" was emphasized to the United States Supreme Court by the appearance of the Chief Justice and each of the associate justices wearing the pink carnation, McKinley's favorite flower.

Justice Day, of Onto, supplied the carnations to his associates on bench, and clerks, court officers, and attendants were also bedecked.

PROMPT ACTION

UPON RECIPROCITY

Ways and Means Committee

Will Take Up Bill To-day.

The manufacture of sand-lime bricks in Germany for the productions in the last few years, and the great improvements effected in processor of munifacture in shall be strong than in the clay brick, a result of the shall the clay brick, a result of the strange symmetry. On the lime-sand brick in shape and structure. The loss of strength through the absorption of water amounted to 14.3 per cent and from the effected in processor of a transport the production of these bricks in per cent and from the effected in processor of a transport to 18.2 alone sy plants were established in Germany for the production of these associates on the carnations to his associate on the carnations to his associates on the carnations to his associates on the carnations of the same activating clay bricks with increasing success, their adoption being furthered by the facts as also less in the case of lime-sand bricks and pricks and pricks and pricks and pricks as called with a process for army buildings at a saving of \$20,000 obricks of this kind made by the facts of the chief process for army buildings at a saving of \$20,000 obricks of this kind made by the facts of the chief process for army buildings at a saving of \$20,000 obricks of this kind in process for a manufacture of free and water used in extinguishing it.

The country is the deption of this b

The House Ways and Means Committee will this morning take up the McCall bill, embodying the Canadian reciprocity agreement for consideration. It is re-garded as significant that this commitgarded as significant that this commit-tee, whose chairman is Mr. Payne, of New York, author of the existing tariff law, should decide to act so promptly on this bill. in this connection it is pre-dicted as aimost a foregone conclusion that the bill will be reported back with-out delay, with a majority of the com-mittee indorsing it. This is taken-to-mean that the President's aggressive de-mand for early action is moving even the standbatters.

standpatters.

Another point not to be overlooked is that Champ Clark, leader of the Democracy and already chosen as Speaker of the next House, in a speech in the House yesterday declared himself enthusiastically in favor of the reciprocity bill.

# CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFS.

Notice of Mr. La Pollette's re-ele-

# Mr. S. Streeter, Mr. W. F. Roberta, Mrs. Roberta, Mr. E. H. Drocy, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Blingham, Mrs. Streeter, Dr. Abram Strong, Mrs. Streeter, Dr. Abram Strong, Mrs. Lower, Cart. Archibald W. Batt, Mr. Boldhort Procest, Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Croager, Mrs. College, Mrs. Latter, Mrs. Croager, Mrs. C. St. Lamenou, Mr. L. V. Lamenou, Mrs. L. V. Lamenou, Mrs. L. V. Lamenou, Mrs. L. V. Lamenou, Mrs. C. Hers, Mrs. Croager, Mrs. C. Mrs. Miss M. Malter, Mrs. E. H. Fietch, Mrs. Pitch, Dr. Goarbart, Mrs. Gardiart, Mrs. C. Mrs. Niss M. S. Halterman, Mrs. E. H. Fietch, Mrs. Pitch, Dr. Goarbart, Mrs. Gardiart, Mrs. C. Mrs. Miss Mrs. Mrs. Brock, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Alles, Mrs. Lower, Mrs. Evalvy, Mrs. Small, Mrs. Small, Mrs. Small, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Lower, Mrs. Evalvy, Mrs. Leave, Mrs. Leave, Mrs. Leave, Mrs. Evalvy, Mrs. Leave, Mrs. Leave,

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NO BONDS. NO PREFERRED STOCK. ALL COMMON-\$10 PER SHARE.

ANNUAL DIVIDENDS UP TO 25%.

Extract from report of American Consul General, located at Hamburg, Germany, Issued by the Bureau of Manufactures, Department of Communeroe and Labor, on January 12, 1901.

"SAND-LIME BRICKS IN GERMANY."

(From Consul General Robert P. Skinner, Hamburg). manufacture of sand-lime bricks is the tenacity required in a brick of good

"The manufacture of same-many) has quality, called kalksanesteine in Germany) has quality.

"Deviations from the average are less "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the average are less to the last few "Deviations from the last few "D

"Hecause of their regular form and uniform dimensions, these bricks can be laid more easily, and can also more readily varied greatly, the average, however, being 153 kilos per square centimeter use of ilme-sand bricks as facing stones, (357.30 pounds 0.155 square inch), which

There are about the same number of only a question of how many they can as there are in Germany, some of which Construction work on the plant is being

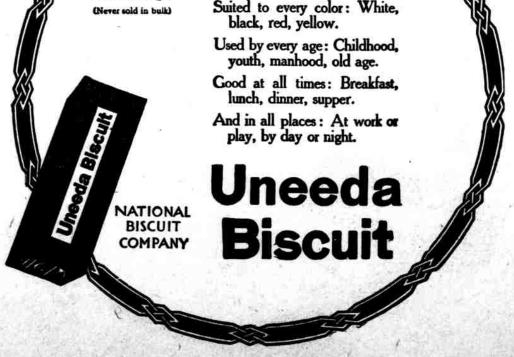
plants in existence in the United States make and how soon. have proved even a greater success. One rushed with all possible speed in order tow in operation at Terra Cotta, D. C., to be ready for the spring trade, which is turning out what is said to be a finer promises to be unusually large. There product than any either in this country will be no long delay in getting returns or abroad, and the company has booked on the investment. The bricks made one orders for their entire output for months day are ready for the market next day, in advance. This plant can be inspected Do you know what this means in the any day in the week, and all the facts saving of time, money, and labor? An ascertained by any one interested. You assured success from the start.

This stock is being sold for Ten Dollars our home next day.

The Capitol Brick Company's factory day? has every natural advantage that could has every natural advantage that could be desired. Fine transportation facilities. An unlimited supply of raw material on their own property of seventy-one tons whatever, and is being equipped with the latural development that will astonish the company in the company's own automobile. You will be under no obligations whatever, and you will see an industrial development that will astonish the convente of machines, having a capacity you and at the same time convince you est type of machines, having a capacity you and at the sam of 40,000 brick per day of ten hours.

may take the material out of the ground yourself, put it through the machinery, and have the finished product brought to

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Fresh in every climate: Hot or

Adapted to every condition:

Rich or poor, sick or well.

cold, wet or dry.